

## Precertification Information Request Form

All BRCA tests require precertification. Failure to complete this form in its entirety may result in the delay of review. Effective March 30, 2017, this form replaces all other BRCA precertification information request documents and forms.

Once completed, this form contains confidential information. Only the individual or entity it's addressed to can use it. If you're not the intended recipient, or the employee or agent responsible for delivering the form to the intended recipient, you can't disseminate, distribute or copy the completed form. If you received the completed form in error, call us at 1-877-794-8720.

#### How to fill out this form

As the patient's attending physician, you must complete **all** sections of the form. You can use this form with all Aetna health plans, including Aetna's Medicare Advantage plans. You can also use this form with health plans for which Aetna provides certain management services. This includes Innovation Health Plan, Inc., and Innovation Health Insurance Company.

### When you're done

Once you've filled out the form, fax it and all requested medical documentation to us at **1-860-975-9126**. Or you can submit the completed form and the specimen sample to one of our network BRCA testing laboratories listed below. Then they'll submit the form to us.

Ambry Genetics	Fax the precertification form to <b>1-949-900-5501</b> . Order collection and transportation kits from by calling <b>1-866-262-7943</b> or online at <b>www.ambrygen.com</b>
Baylor Miraca Genetics Laboratories, LLC	Fax the precertification form to 1-713-798-2728. Order collection and transportation kits by calling 1-800-411-GENE or 1-713-798-6555 or email geneticetest@bmgl.com
Counsyl	For more information, call <b>1-888-COUNSYL</b> ( <b>1-888-268-6795</b> ), send an email to <b>support@counsyl.com</b> or visit <b>www.counsyl.com</b>
Dynacare Northwest, Inc. (for members living in the states of Washington or West Virginia only)	Submit the precertification form with specimen sample to Dynacare Northwest, Inc. If you have questions about testing, call <b>1-800-533-0567</b> . If you have questions about insurance, billing or precertification call <b>1-877-415-0002</b>
GeneDx, Genpath, BioReference	Fax the precertification form to <b>1-201-421-2010</b> . If you have any questions call <b>1-888-729-1206</b> or visit <b>www.genedx.com</b>
Invitae	Fax the precertification form to 1-415-276-4164. If you have any questions, call 1-800-436-3037 or email clientservices@invitae.com or visit www.invitae.com/en/request-a-kit/
Medical Diagnostic Lab, LLC	Fax the precertification form to <b>1-609-570-1062</b> . If you have questions, call <b>1-877-269-0090</b> or visit <b>www.mdlab.com</b>
Myriad Genetics Laboratories, Inc.	Fax the precertification form to <b>1-801-584-3615</b> . If you have questions, call <b>1-800-469-7423</b>
Quest Diagnostics, Inc.	Fax the precertification form to <b>1-855-422-5181</b> . Call BRCAvantage Concierge Services at <b>1-866-436-3463</b> or visit <b>www.brcavantage.com</b> for more information

#### What happens next?

Once we receive the requested documentation, we'll perform a clinical review. Then we'll make a coverage determination and let you know our decision.

#### How we make coverage determinations

For our Medicare Advantage members, we use CMS benefit policies, including national coverage determinations (NCD) and local coverage determinations (LCD) when available, to make our coverage determinations If there isn't an available NCD or LCD to review, then we'll use the Clinical Policy Bulletin referenced below to make the determination.

For all other members, we encourage you to review Clinical Policy Bulletin #227: BRCA Testing, Prophylactic Mastectomy, and Prophylactic Oophorectomy before you complete this form. You can find the policy by visiting the website on the back of the member's ID card.

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# Precertification Information Request Form

Failure to complete this form in its entirety may result in the delay of review.			
Fax to: BRCA Precertification Department		Fax number: 1-860-975-9126	
Section 1: To be comp	oleted by order	ing physician	
Member name:	Member name: Member ID:		
Member address:			
Member phone #:	Member date of birth: Gender: ☐ M		Gender: M F
Physician name:	Physician NPI number:		
Physician phone number:	Physician status: Participating Non-participating		
Physician address:			
IPA name:	IPA NPI Numb	oer:	
IPA address:			
IPA phone #: 1			
Section 2: Provide the	following gene	ral information	
Laboratory name:			
Laboratory phone number:    Laboratory status:    Participating    Non-participating			☐ Non-participating
Date of specimen collection: / / ICD-10 code(s):			
Section	3: Test menu		
BRCA 1 and BRCA 2 gene sequencing comprehensive testing (CPT 81211)  BRCA 1/2 three gene mutation panel for Ashkenazi Jewish Ancestry (187delAG, 5385InsC, 6174delT) (CPT 81212)  BRCA 1/2 three gene mutation panel for Ashkenazi Jewish Ancestry with reflex to comprehensive (CPT 81212, 81211)  Large Rearrangement (BART) testing¹ (Medicare members only) (CPT 81213)  BRCA 1 and BRCA 2 gene sequencing comprehensive and BART testing¹ (Medicare members only) (CPT 81162)  BRCA 1 Single site testing (CPT 81215); specify relationship and mutation:  BRCA 2 Single site testing (CPT 81217); specify relationship and mutation:  BRACAnalysis CDx™ (CPT 81211, 81213 or 81162); include all failed lines of chemotherapy:  1 3			

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Aetna does not cover large rearrangement testing (BART) unless the member is covered by Medicare and meets criteria for comprehensive testing. There is inadequate information regarding the frequency of large genomic re-arrangements in the United States populations to indicate that testing or retesting for these specific mutations (e.g., the BART) is useful or effective in managing the care of members, including those with a strong family history of breast, ovarian or pancreatic cancer.

In addition, Aetna does not cover multigene hereditary breast cancer panels that accompany BRCA testing because there is insufficient published evidence of their clinical validity and utility. Information regarding this can be found in our Clinical Policy Bulletin (CPB): BRCA Testing, Prophylactic Mastectomy, and Prophylactic Oophorectomy available at **www.aetna.com**.



Member name:	
Member date of birth:	

Section 4: Personal cancer history <sup>2</sup>				
Personal history of breast of Person history of breast carbon breast car	e specify:	_/ ar carcinoma (ILC) ment		ma in situ (DCIS)
	Section 5: Person	nal testing history		
	n panel testing equencing testing equencing and large rearrange			
	Section 6: Family cand	er history and ethn	icity	
□ No known family history of breast³ ,ovarian⁴ or pancreatic cancer				
Ashkenazi Jewish Ancestry Caribbean Hispanic Northern European Other	☐ African America☐ Central/South A☐ Middle Eastern☐ Pacific Islander		Asian Eastern Europ Native Americ Western Europ	an
Relationship to patient	Maternal (M) or paternal (P) side	Туре с	f cancer	Age at diagnosis

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Members who seek coverage for BRCA1/2 testing for the benefit of OTHER family members must seek reimbursement of payment from the OTHER family member's insurance carrier. BRCA analysis for the medical management of OTHER family members is not a covered benefit for Aetna members.

<sup>3</sup> The term breast cancer" includes both invasive and ductal carcinoma in situ (DCIS) breast cancers. Lobular carcinoma in situ (LCIS) is not included.

<sup>4</sup> For purposes of these guidelines, ovarian cancer includes fallopian tube and primary peritoneal carcinoma.



Member name:	
Member date of birth:	

	Section 7: Risk criteria category for FEMALES		
	Person	al history of ovarian cancer <sup>1</sup> Date of ovarian cancer diagnosis: Month Year	
		al history of breast cancer <sup>2</sup> Date of breast cancer diagnosis: Month Year	
	☐ 1.	Breast cancer <sup>2</sup> diagnosed at age 45 years or younger; or	
	<b>2</b> .	Breast cancer <sup>2</sup> diagnosed at age 50 years or younger, with any of the following:	
		a. At least one close blood relative <sup>3</sup> with breast cancer <sup>2</sup> at age 50 years or younger; or	
		b. At least one close blood relative <sup>3</sup> with epithelial ovarian <sup>1</sup> , prostate or pancreatic cancer; or	
		c. Limited family structure <sup>4</sup> or no family history available because member is adopted; or	
		d. Bilateral breast cancer <sup>2</sup> or two primaries <sup>5</sup> , with first diagnosis age 50 years or younger	
		Breast cancer <sup>2</sup> is diagnosed at age 60 years or younger and is triple negative <sup>6</sup>	
	∐ 4.	Breast cancer <sup>2</sup> is diagnosed at any age, with any of the following:	
		a. At least two close blood relatives <sup>3</sup> on the same side of the family with breast cancer <sup>2</sup> and/or epithelial	
		ovarian cancer <sup>1</sup> at any age; or	
		b. Member has two breast primaries <sup>5</sup> and has at least one close blood relative <sup>3</sup> with either breast cancer diagnosed at age 50 or younger or with epithelial ovarian cancer <sup>1</sup> ; or	
		c. Close blood relative <sup>3</sup> with either breast cancer <sup>2</sup> at age 50 or younger or with epithelial ovarian cancer <sup>1</sup>	
		(Medicare only); or	
		d. At least two close blood relatives <sup>3</sup> with pancreatic cancer or prostate cancer with Gleason score > 7 at	
		any age (Medicare only); or	
		e. Close male blood relative <sup>3</sup> with breast cancer <sup>2</sup> ; or	
		f. First, second or third degree blood relative <sup>3</sup> with a known BRCA1 or BRCA2 mutation <sup>7</sup> ; or	
		g. Two close relatives³ on the same side of the family with pancreatic adenocarcinoma at any age; or	
		h. Ethnicity is associated with higher mutation frequency (Ashkenazi Jewish) <sup>8</sup> .	
Ш		al history of pancreatic adenocarcinoma at any age with two close relatives <sup>3</sup> on the same side of the	
	_	with breast cancer <sup>2</sup> , epithelial ovarian cancer <sup>1</sup> , and/or pancreatic adenocarcinoma at any age	
Ш	Medical	sonal history of breast <sup>2</sup> , ovarian cancer <sup>1</sup> or pancreatic adenocarcinoma (coverage excluded by re) <sup>9</sup>	
		Women with three or more close blood relatives <sup>3</sup> on the same side of the family with breast cancer; or	
		Women with at least one close blood relative <sup>3</sup> with:	
		a. male breast cancer; or	
		<ul> <li>□ b. both breast² and epithelial ovarian cancer¹.</li> </ul>	
	☐ 3.	Women with two close blood relatives <sup>3</sup> on the same side of the family with:	
		a. and epithelial ovarian cancer <sup>1</sup> ; or	
		b. breast cancer <sup>2</sup> , one of whom was diagnosed at age 50 years or younger; or	
		c. breast cancer <sup>2</sup> in one relative and epithelial ovarian cancer <sup>1</sup> in another relative	
		Women with first degree relative with bilateral breast cancer <sup>5</sup> ; or	
		Women with one or more close blood relatives <sup>3</sup> with both breast <sup>2</sup> and epithelial ovarian cancer <sup>1</sup> ; or	
		Women of Ashkenazi Jewish descent with a first degree relative or two or more second degree relatives on the	
		same side of the family with breast or epithelial ovarian cancer <sup>8</sup> ; or Women with first, second or third degree blood relatives with a known BRCA1 or BRCA2 mutation <sup>10</sup> .	
П		who do not meet any of the above criteria but are determined through both independent formal genetic	
		ling and validated quantitative risk assessment tool <sup>7</sup> to have at least a 10% pre-test probability of	
	carrying a BRCA1 or BRCA2 mutation. Note: In this category only, a 3-generation pedigree and quantitative risk		
	assessi	ment results must be faxed directly to us at 1-860-975-9126. Pedigree template available on request.	
		mal genetic counseling	
	Ger	netic counselor name and location (state):	

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Member name:
Member date of birth:

Section 8: Risk criteria category for MALES				
Personal history of breast cancer; or First, second or third degree blood relative with a known BRCA1 or BRCA2 mutation, where the results will influence clinical utility (e.g., reproductive decision-making) <sup>10</sup> (coverage excluded by Medicare) <sup>9</sup>				
Section 9: Medical management (if patient tests positive)				
☐ Prophylactic oophorectomy       ☐ Bilateral       ☐ Tamoxifen chemoprevention       ☐ Other, please specify:         ☐ Prophylactic mastectomy       ☐ Bilateral       ☐ Increased breast surveillance				
Section 10: Patient education				
Consistent with the 1997 National Institutes of Health Consensus Statement on guidelines for care of patients with BRCA1 and BRCA2 mutations and American College of Medical Genetics guidelines, prior to testing and follow-up treatment, the patient must give informed consent in accordance with applicable law. Also consistent with such guidelines, such informed consent discussions should include at least the following:  1. Clarification of the patient's increased risk status 2. Explanation of how genetics affects cancer susceptibility 3. Potential benefits, risk, and limitations of testing 4. Possible outcomes of testing (e.g., positive, negative or uncertain test results)  7. Counseling regarding therapeutic options, including limitations				
Section 11: Read this important information				
Any person who knowingly files a request for authorization of coverage of a medical procedure or service with the intent to injure, defraud or deceive any insurance company by providing materially false information or conceals material information for the purpose of misleading, commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime and subjects such person to criminal and civil penalties.				
Section 12: Sign the form				
By signing this form, I certify that the member listed above has given informed consent in accordance with the guidelines and risks above and that the BRCA analysis will be used to direct the medical management of this member.				
Form completed by (please print): Title:				
Physician Signature (required) :				
Contact Person: Phone Number:				

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> For the purposes of these guidelines, fallopian tube and primary peritoneal carcinoma are included.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The term "breast cancer" includes invasive and ductal carcinoma in situ (DCIS) breast cancers. Lobular carcinoma in situ (LCIS) is not included.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Close blood relatives include first-degree relatives (i.e., mother, sister, daughter) or second-degree relatives (i.e., aunt, grandmother, niece), on the same side of the family. For affected Medicare members, close relatives also include third-degree relatives (i.e. great grandmother, great aunt and first-degree cousin). For the purposes of BRCA, half-siblings are considered first degree relatives.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> A limited family history is defined as a member who has fewer than two 1st or 2nd degree female relatives in the same lineage that lived to age 45. The "limited family history" can occur on either the maternal or paternal side of family. A three generation pedigree is needed for this category.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Two breast primaries in a single individual includes bilateral disease or two or more clearly separate ipsilateral primary tumors.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Triple negative breast cancer is when the individual's breast cancer cells test negative for estrogen receptors (ER-), progesterone receptors (PR-) and human epidermal growth factor receptors (HER2-).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Validated quantitative risk assessment tools include BRCAPRO, Yale, UPenn I or UPenn II, BOADICEA and Tyrer-Cuzick IBIS (See CPB).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> For Ashkenazi Jewish women who meet screening criteria, a screening panel for the founder mutations common in the Ashkenazi Jewish population (multisite testing) is considered medically necessary. If founder mutation testing is negative, full gene sequencing (reflex testing) is considered medically necessary only if member meets the criteria described above.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Medicare does not cover BRCA genetic testing in the absence of a personal history of breast or ovarian cancer, since it considered to be screening and is specifically excluded by Medicare.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Testing in this scenario is for the specific identified mutation (single site testing).